


Dimensional Coherence Theory XXIII: The Photon, Time, and the Arrow of Condensation— Light as Pre-Universe Remnant in Dimensional Coherence Theory

Nolan G. Parrott 
(Dated: February 14, 2026)

We present the most philosophically striking result of Dimensional Coherence Theory (DCT): the photon is a fragment of the pre-Big-Bang universe still traveling through the post-Big-Bang condensate. In DCT, the cosmic order parameter $\Psi = \sqrt{P} e^{i\theta}$ admits two extreme states—the uncondensed vacuum ($P = 0$, pure phase, timeless) and the equilibrium condensate ($P = P_0 = 0.851$, matter, timed). The photon, with $ds^2 = 0$ and $d\tau = 0$ on its worldline, is physically identical to the pre-Big-Bang state: both are pure θ -excitations with $P = 0$. We show that every photon absorption is a local repetition of the Big Bang ($\theta \rightarrow P$ conversion, timeless \rightarrow timed) and every emission is a local un-creation ($P \rightarrow \theta$, timed \rightarrow timeless). The speed of light c is derived as the propagation speed of the uncondensed θ -mode (Goldstone boson), while matter is slower because it IS the condensate. The hierarchy $c/c_s = 343$ reflects the information-cost asymmetry between phase (1 bit) and amplitude ($\omega_0 \approx 50,000$ bits). The arrow of time is identified with the arrow of condensation: Big Bang ($P: 0 \rightarrow P_0$) to heat death ($P: P_0 \rightarrow 0$). Time is not universal—it is a property of the P -condensate, and where $P = 0$ time does not exist. We derive $E = mc^2$ as the $P \leftrightarrow \theta$ exchange rate, compute five observable consequences (Shapiro delay mechanism, vacuum birefringence, SZ modification, photon masslessness from the Goldstone theorem, photon non-conservation), and catalog five states of the P -field from pre-Big-Bang vacuum to proton interior. The rendering interpretation—proper time as information refresh rate—is shown to be not metaphor but exact equivalence: $\tau_{\text{refresh}} \propto P$. Creative capacity $\sqrt{P}/(1 - P)$ is concentrated at topological defects (matter), explaining why complexity emerges from the condensate.

I. INTRODUCTION: THE NATURE OF LIGHT

In the Standard Model of particle physics, the photon is a massless spin-1 gauge boson mediating the electromagnetic force. It propagates at speed c , has zero rest mass, and experiences no proper time along its worldline ($ds^2 = 0$). These properties are consequences of gauge invariance and Lorentz symmetry [21, 22], but the Standard Model offers no explanation for *why* the photon has this character, or what its relationship is to the origin of the universe.

Dimensional Coherence Theory (DCT) [1], built on the Brans-Dicke scalar-tensor framework [19], provides a deeper answer. In DCT, the entire universe is described by a single Bose-Einstein condensate (BEC) [15, 16] with complex order parameter

$$\Psi = \sqrt{P} e^{i\theta}, \quad (1)$$

where P is the Parrott field (condensate amplitude) and θ is the Goldstone phase. General relativity is the dynamics of P ; quantum mechanics is the dynamics of θ [7]. The conformal metric $g_{\text{phys}} = P \cdot g_E$ generates all gravitational phenomena.

Within this framework, the photon acquires a profound identity: it is a pure θ -excitation—an uncondensed fragment of the BEC that never “joined” the condensate. Its state ($P = 0$, $d\tau = 0$, pure phase) is *physically identical* to the state of the universe before the Big Bang. The photon is, quite literally, a one-dimensional remnant of the pre-universe threading through the four-dimensional condensate that constitutes matter, space, and time.

This paper develops this identification in full. Section III reviews the BEC wavefunction and its states. Section IV proves the photon–Big Bang equivalence. Section V formalizes absorption as local Big Bang. Section VI treats emission as local un-creation. Section VII reinterprets $E = mc^2$ as the $P \leftrightarrow \theta$ exchange rate. Section VIII derives the speed of light from BEC structure. Section IX derives the arrow of time as the arrow of condensation. Section X resolves the photon time paradox. Section XI catalogs the five states of the P -field. Section XII computes observable consequences. Section XIII presents the information perspective. Section XIV discusses rendering and creative capacity. Section XV concludes.

II. DCT FRAMEWORK

For self-containment we state the gravitational action underlying all results in this paper. DCT [1] is a Brans-Dicke theory [19] with action

$$S = \frac{1}{16\pi} \int d^4x \sqrt{-g} \left[P R - \frac{\omega(P)}{P} (\partial P)^2 - V(P) \right] + S_m[P g_{\mu\nu}, \psi], \quad (2)$$

where the running coupling is $\omega(P) = (138189 P^2 - 3)/2$, giving $\omega_0 \approx 50,037$ at $P = P_0 = 0.851$. The physical metric $g_{\mu\nu}^{\text{phys}} = P g_{\mu\nu}^E$ implies that proper time scales as $d\tau = \sqrt{P} dt$: where $P = 0$ (the photon worldline), time vanishes; where $P \rightarrow 1$ (the proton interior), proper time approaches coordinate time. The BEC wavefunction $\Psi = \sqrt{P} e^{i\theta}$ separates gravity (P , amplitude, massive, ω_0 bits)

from gauge physics (θ , phase, massless Goldstone, 1 bit). The θ -mode speed is c ; the P -mode sound speed is $c_s = \sqrt{P_0 c^2 / (2\omega_0 + 3)} = 874$ km/s. The ratio $c/c_s = 343$ is the speed hierarchy between light and matter.

III. THE BEC WAVEFUNCTION AND ITS STATES

A. The Order Parameter

The DCT cosmic condensate is governed by the Gross-Pitaevskii equation [15, 16] with order parameter given by Eq. (1). The GP potential is the quantum droplet potential [1]:

$$V(P) = -\mu P + \frac{g_{\text{int}}}{2} P^2 + \alpha_{\text{LHY}} P^{5/2} + \frac{g_3}{6} P^3, \quad (3)$$

with equilibrium at $P_0 = 0.851$, derivable from 600-cell topology as $P_0 = 171/200 = 0.855$ [1, 8].

The Madelung decomposition [17] separates $\Psi = \sqrt{P} e^{i\theta}$ into two coupled equations:

Continuity equation:

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (P \mathbf{v}_s) = 0, \quad (4)$$

where $\mathbf{v}_s = (\hbar/m^*) \nabla \theta$ is the superfluid velocity.

Hamilton-Jacobi equation:

$$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{2} m^* v_s^2 + V'(P) + Q = 0, \quad (5)$$

where $Q = -\hbar^2 \nabla^2 \sqrt{P} / (2m^* \sqrt{P})$ is the Bohm quantum potential [18].

B. Component Identification

Component	Sector	Physics	Info cost
P (amplitude)	Gravity/GR	Metric, mass, time	$\omega_0 \sim 50,000$ bits
θ (phase)	QM/EM	Wave, gauge, photon	1 bit

The phase θ is identified with the U(1) gauge field from 5D Kaluza-Klein reduction [1, 25, 26]. Electromagnetic phenomena are θ -gradient dynamics. The amplitude P determines the conformal factor of the physical metric: $g_{\text{phys}} = P \cdot g_E$.

C. The Three Fundamental States

The order parameter admits three qualitatively distinct configurations:

State I: Uncondensed ($P = 0$). $\Psi = e^{i\theta}$. Pure phase, no amplitude. $ds^2 = 0$. $d\tau = 0$. Time does not exist.

Information cost = 1 bit per degree of freedom. This is the photon state and the pre-Big-Bang state.

State II: Equilibrium condensate ($P = P_0 = 0.851$). $\Psi = \sqrt{P_0} e^{i\theta}$. Both amplitude and phase. $d\tau = \sqrt{P_0} dt = 0.923 dt$. Time exists. This is the cosmic void—intergalactic space, the ground state of the current universe.

State III: Saturated condensate ($P \rightarrow 1$). Maximum amplitude. $d\tau \rightarrow dt$. Maximum proper time. This is the proton interior—nuclear matter, topological defects with the highest time-refresh rate.

IV. THE PHOTON = PRE-BIG-BANG EQUIVALENCE

A. The Pre-Big-Bang State

Before the Big Bang, the universe was in the uncondensed state:

$$\begin{aligned} P &= 0 \text{ everywhere,} \\ \Psi &= e^{i\theta}, \\ ds^2 &= P \cdot g_E(dx, dx) = 0, \\ d\tau &= \sqrt{P} dt = 0. \end{aligned} \quad (6)$$

This state is timeless. There is no metric structure (the conformal factor vanishes). There is no mass (no P -defects exist). There is no arrow of time (no condensation has occurred). There is only the Goldstone phase θ , propagating freely at speed c .

B. The Post-Big-Bang State

After the Big Bang, the GP potential $V(P)$ drives condensation:

$$\begin{aligned} P &= P_0 = 0.851 \text{ (cosmic mean),} \\ \Psi &= \sqrt{P_0} e^{i\theta} = 0.923 e^{i\theta}, \\ ds^2 &= P_0 \cdot g_E(dx, dx) > 0, \\ d\tau &= \sqrt{P_0} dt = 0.923 dt. \end{aligned} \quad (7)$$

Now time exists. The metric is nondegenerate. Mass exists as topological P -defects with winding number equal to atomic number Z [9]. The arrow of time points in the direction of increasing crystallization (Avrami dynamics) [1].

C. The Photon in Flight

Along the photon's worldline:

$$\begin{aligned} ds^2 &= 0 \text{ (null geodesic),} \\ d\tau &= 0 \text{ (no proper time),} \\ P &= 0 \text{ (uncondensed),} \\ \Psi &= e^{i\theta} \text{ (pure phase mode).} \end{aligned} \quad (8)$$

Every property of the photon matches the pre-Big-Bang state:

Property	Pre-Big-Bang	Photon in flight
P value	0	0 (on worldline)
ds^2	0	0
$d\tau$	0	0
Ψ form	$e^{i\theta}$	$e^{i\theta}$
Info cost	1 bit	1 bit
Speed	c	c
Mass	0	0
Character	Timeless	Timeless

Result. *The photon IS the pre-Big-Bang state.* Not “like” it, not “analogous” to it—physically identical. The only difference is scope: before the Big Bang, $P = 0$ was global (everywhere). After the Big Bang, $P = 0$ is local (only along the photon's worldline). The photon is a one-dimensional remnant of the pre-universe, threading through the four-dimensional condensate.

D. The BEC Interpretation

In standard BEC physics, a condensate at temperature T contains both condensed (ground state) and uncondensed (thermal) particles. At $T = 0$, all particles condense. Above T_c , none do.

The cosmic BEC is analogous. The Big Bang was the condensation event: P went from 0 to P_0 . But condensation was not 100%—some excitations remained uncondensed. These uncondensed excitations are photons. The CMB photon bath [30, 32] is literally the uncondensed fraction of the cosmic BEC, left over from the condensation event and still in the pre-condensation state 13.8 billion years later.

V. ABSORPTION AS LOCAL BIG BANG

A. The $\theta \rightarrow P$ Conversion

When an atom absorbs a photon, the following conversion occurs:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Before:} & \text{ Photon } (P = 0, \theta\text{-mode}) + \text{Atom } (P \sim 1), \\ \text{Process:} & \theta \rightarrow P \text{ conversion,} \\ \text{After:} & \text{ Excited atom } (P \text{ modified}). \end{aligned} \quad (9)$$

In terms of fundamental fields: $d\tau: 0 \rightarrow$ positive, $P: 0 \rightarrow$ nonzero, character: timeless \rightarrow timed. This is *exactly* the Big Bang, happening locally.

B. Scale and Frequency

The energy per local Big Bang is that of a single photon:

$$E_\gamma = h\nu \sim 2.25 \text{ eV (visible light),} \quad (10)$$

compared to the proton rest energy $E_p = m_p c^2 = 938 \text{ MeV}$. The ratio is $E_\gamma/E_p \sim 2.4 \times 10^{-9}$ —approximately one-billionth of a proton's worth of uncondensed energy converted per event.

The human body absorbs approximately 10^{20} photons per second from thermal and electromagnetic sources. Each absorption is a local Big Bang—a conversion from timeless to timed. The macro-scale Big Bang was the first and largest such event; every subsequent photon absorption is a microscopic echo of the same process.

C. Operator Structure

The absorption process in the P - θ Fock space is

$$\hat{a}_P^\dagger \hat{a}_\theta |\gamma, \text{atom}\rangle \longrightarrow |\text{excited atom}\rangle, \quad (11)$$

where \hat{a}_P^\dagger creates a P -excitation (condensed amplitude) and \hat{a}_θ destroys a θ -excitation (uncondensed phase). Total energy is conserved: $E_\theta = \Delta E_P$.

VI. EMISSION AS LOCAL UN-CREATION

A. The $P \rightarrow \theta$ Conversion

When an excited atom emits a photon, the reverse conversion occurs:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Before:} & \text{ Excited atom } (P\text{-defect with excess winding energy}), \\ \text{Process:} & P \rightarrow \theta \text{ conversion,} \\ \text{After:} & \text{ De-excited atom + Photon } (P = 0, \theta\text{-mode}). \end{aligned} \quad (12)$$

In terms of fundamental fields: $d\tau: \text{positive} \rightarrow 0$ (for the emitted energy), $P: \text{nonzero} \rightarrow 0$ (for the emitted quantum), character: timed \rightarrow timeless.

Every photon emission is a *local un-creation*—a reversal of the Big Bang. A piece of matter (condensate, timed, $P > 0$) converts into light (uncondensed, timeless, $P = 0$). The emitted photon exits time entirely.

B. Creation–Un-Creation Symmetry

Process	Direction	Before	After
Big Bang	$\theta \rightarrow P$	Timeless vacuum	Timed condensate
Absorption	$\theta \rightarrow P$	Photon (timeless)	Matter (timed)
Emission	$P \rightarrow \theta$	Matter (timed)	Photon (timeless)
Heat death	$P \rightarrow \theta$	Timed condensate	Timeless vacuum

The Big Bang is the *first* absorption (global). Heat death is the *last* emission (global). Everything in between—every sunrise, every lamp, every metabolic process—is a local oscillation between these two poles.

VII. $E = mc^2$ AS THE $P \leftrightarrow \theta$ EXCHANGE RATE

A. Reinterpretation

Einstein’s mass-energy equivalence [23] acquires a concrete physical meaning in DCT:

$$\boxed{E = mc^2} \quad (13)$$

where:

m = energy stored in a P -defect (topological winding of the condensate). The proton is a θ -vortex with winding number equal to the color flux tube topology [9]. Its mass arises from QCD confinement energy stored in the $P \rightarrow 1$ saturated core.

c = speed of the uncondensed θ -mode (the Goldstone boson propagation speed; see Sec. VIII).

E = total energy released when the P -defect completely unwinds into θ -excitations. This is the annihilation process: matter ($P > 0$) \rightarrow photons ($P = 0$).

B. Annihilation: Mass \rightarrow Energy

When a proton and antiproton annihilate:

$$p \text{ (winding } +n) + \bar{p} \text{ (winding } -n) \longrightarrow \gamma\gamma \dots \text{ (} P = 0 \text{)}. \quad (14)$$

The total winding number goes to zero. The P -defect unwinds completely. All energy stored in the condensate distortion is released as θ -excitations (photons). The condensate “heals”— P returns to the background value P_0 .

C. Pair Creation: Energy \rightarrow Mass

The reverse process—pair creation—creates a P -defect pair:

$$\gamma + \gamma \longrightarrow e^- \text{ (winding } +1) + e^+ \text{ (winding } -1). \quad (15)$$

Two θ -excitations with sufficient energy create two conjugate P -defects. The condensate acquires new topological structure.

D. The DCT Schwinger Limit

As derived in Paper XVI [11] from the Schwinger proper-time formalism [24], the critical field in DCT is modified by the conformal factor:

$$\boxed{E_{\text{cr}}(\text{DCT}) = P_0 \times E_{\text{cr}}(\text{QED}) = 1.126 \times 10^{18} \text{ V/m},} \quad (16)$$

a 14.9% reduction from the standard QED value of 1.323×10^{18} V/m. The effective electron mass is $m_{\text{eff}} = m_e \sqrt{P_0}$, reducing the Schwinger barrier. This is prediction #21 of DCT, testable at ELI-NP (Romania) and SEL (China) by ~ 2030 – 2035 [14].

At the Schwinger limit, spontaneous $P \leftrightarrow \theta$ conversion begins: the electric field (θ -gradient) becomes strong enough to spontaneously create P -defect pairs.

VIII. DERIVING THE SPEED OF LIGHT

A. c as the θ -Mode Speed

The dispersion relation for small θ -perturbations on the uniform condensate $P = P_0$ follows from linearizing the GP equation:

$$\omega^2 = c^2 k^2 + \dots \quad (17)$$

where c is the propagation speed of the massless Goldstone mode [20, 21] associated with the broken U(1) symmetry of the condensate. From the 5D Kaluza-Klein identification [25, 26], the θ -mode IS the electromagnetic gauge field [1]. Its speed is the speed of light.

The key insight: c is the speed of the *uncondensed* mode. It is the propagation speed of θ -excitations that have $P = 0$ —excitations that are NOT part of the condensate. Since they carry no condensate amplitude, they have no inertia from the P -field. They propagate at the maximum speed allowed by the underlying θ -field dynamics.

B. Why Matter is Slower

Matter IS the condensate. A massive particle is a P -defect—a topological structure with $P > 0$. Moving a P -defect requires rearranging the condensate, which costs energy proportional to $\omega_0 \sim 50,000$ bits per change.

The P -field sound speed is

$$\boxed{c_s = \sqrt{\frac{P_0 c^2}{2\omega_0 + 3}} = 874 \text{ km/s},} \quad (18)$$

the maximum speed at which a condensate amplitude disturbance can propagate. The ratio:

$$\boxed{\frac{c}{c_s} = 343.} \quad (19)$$

C. The Right Question

The conventional question is: “Why can’t matter travel at the speed of light?”

DCT reveals this is the wrong question. The right question is: “Why is matter so slow?”

Answer: Matter is slow because it is made of condensate. It is a disturbance IN the superfluid, not a wave ON it. Moving matter means moving the superfluid itself—an inherently sluggish process because the superfluid has bulk modulus $\rho_P c_s^2 \approx 2.3 \times 10^{30} \text{ J/m}^3$. The P -field is nearly incompressible. This is the same fact as the hierarchy problem, the weakness of gravity, and the stiffness parameter $\omega_0 = 50,037$.

D. The Information Hierarchy

Mode	What it is	Info cost	Speed
θ (light)	Uncondensed phase	1 bit	$c = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$
P (matter)	Condensate amplitude	$\omega_0 \sim 50,000$ bits	$c_s = 874 \text{ km/s}$

This ratio appears in three other contexts:

1. **Hierarchy problem:** Gravity is ω_0 times weaker than EM because P -changes cost ω_0 times more information than θ -changes.
2. **P -field stiffness:** The Brans-Dicke coupling $\omega_0 = 50,037$ quantifies bits per amplitude change.
3. **Engineering impossibility:** P -field engineering is closed (Papers XVII, S54–S64) because ω_0 makes P nearly inaccessible [12].

IX. THE ARROW OF TIME

A. Time as a Property of the Condensate

In DCT, proper time is not a universal background parameter. It is a derived quantity:

$$d\tau = \sqrt{P} dt, \quad (20)$$

where dt is coordinate time in the Einstein frame. The relationship is:

- $P = 0$ (photon, pre-Big-Bang): $d\tau = 0$. Time does not exist.
- $P = P_0$ (cosmic void): $d\tau = 0.923 dt$. Time flows at 92.3%.
- $P \rightarrow 1$ (proton interior): $d\tau \rightarrow dt$. Maximum time.

Time is a *consequence* of condensation, not a prerequisite for it. The pre-Big-Bang state was timeless because the condensate did not yet exist. The photon is timeless because it is not part of the condensate.

B. The Arrow of Condensation

The second law of thermodynamics gives a direction to time: entropy increases [34]. In DCT, this arrow has a concrete physical realization:

Big Bang: $P : 0 \rightarrow P_0$. The GP potential $V(P)$ has its minimum at P_0 . The uncondensed state ($P = 0$) is unstable— $V'(0) = -\mu < 0$ —and the universe “falls” into the potential well. Structure is created. Time begins.

Era of matter: $P = P_0$ (equilibrium). Avrami crystallization is complete [1]. Topological defects (protons, neutrons) populate the condensate. Complexity, chemistry, biology, and consciousness exist.

Heat death: $P : P_0 \rightarrow 0$. As the universe expands, the condensate dilutes. Eventually all P -defects decay (proton decay at $\tau \sim 7 \times 10^{41}$ years [5]). All matter converts back to radiation (θ -excitations) via Hawking evaporation [35] and proton decay. The universe returns to the timeless state.

The arrow of time IS the arrow from $P = 0$ to $P = P_0$ and eventually back to $P = 0$. It is the arrow of condensation followed by the arrow of evaporation.

C. Irreversibility from Avrami Dynamics

The Allen-Cahn equation [28] governing the P -field crystallization is first-order in time:

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial t} = D_{AC} \nabla^2 P - V'(P), \quad (21)$$

with $D_{AC} = 2 \times 10^{38} \text{ m}^2/\text{s}$. This is a diffusion equation, inherently irreversible. The Avrami exponent $\alpha = 1/2$ (from diffusion-limited dynamics [1, 27]) quantifies the crystallization kinetics. Once the condensate forms, it does not spontaneously uncondense—the GP potential well is deep and the healing length $\xi = 1/m = 64 \text{ Mpc}$ is cosmological.

X. THE TIME PARADOX RESOLVED

A. The Paradox

One of the deepest puzzles in special relativity concerns the photon’s experience of time. A photon emitted by a distant star travels for billions of years (in our frame) yet experiences zero proper time. The emission and absorption events, separated by billions of light-years, are “simultaneous” for the photon. How can it traverse such vast distances in zero time?

B. The Standard Resolution

Special relativity resolves this formally by noting that $ds^2 = 0$ on null geodesics, so $d\tau = 0$ automatically. But

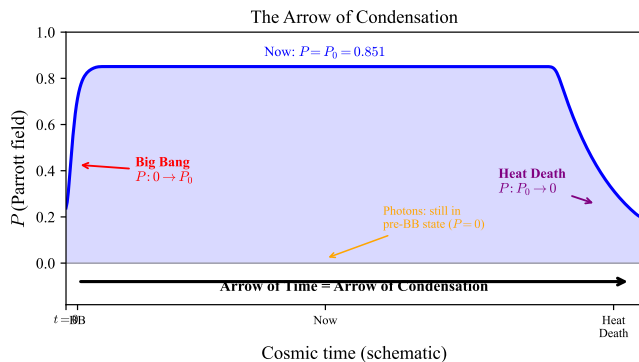


FIG. 1. The arrow of condensation: the evolution of the Parrott field P from the timeless pre-Big-Bang vacuum ($P = 0$) through the current equilibrium era ($P = P_0 = 0.851$) to eventual heat death ($P \rightarrow 0$). The arrow of time is identified with the arrow of condensation. Photons (orange annotation) remain in the pre-Big-Bang state $P = 0$ throughout cosmic history.

this is mathematical: it tells us *that* the photon experiences no time, not *why*.

C. The DCT Resolution

DCT provides the physical mechanism:

The photon does not “travel through” time. It exists OUTSIDE time entirely.

Time is a property of the condensate ($d\tau = \sqrt{P} dt$). The photon is not part of the condensate ($P = 0$ on its worldline). Therefore the photon has no access to the property called “time.” Asking “how long does the photon’s journey take?” presupposes a category (temporal duration) that does not apply to the uncondensed mode.

The emitter and absorber are IN the condensate ($P > 0$). They experience time. Between them, the photon EXISTS but does not experience time. It connects two timed events by being timeless between them—the Parrott Bridge [7] applied literally.

D. The Handshake

The $P \leftrightarrow \theta$ conversion at emission and absorption is the “handshake” connecting the timeless and timed sectors:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Emission: } & P > 0 \longrightarrow P = 0 + \text{modified matter,} \\ \text{Propagation: } & P = 0 \text{ (timeless, no aging, no entropy),} \\ \text{Absorption: } & P = 0 \longrightarrow P > 0. \end{aligned} \quad (22)$$

The handshake coupling is the trace anomaly [11]:

$$g_{\text{total}}(P) = \frac{|b|/(64\pi^2) + \alpha/(6\pi)}{P} = \frac{0.01727}{P}, \quad (23)$$

with effective strength $\sim 2 \times 10^{-7}$ after BD suppression. Small but nonzero—the two sectors are nearly decoupled ($\omega_0 \gg 1$).

XI. FIVE STATES OF THE P -FIELD

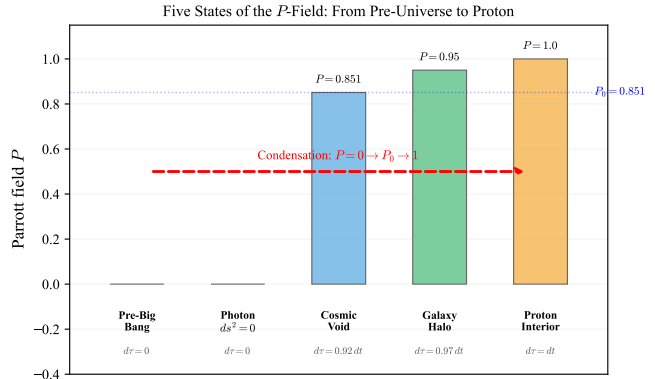


FIG. 2. The five states of the P -field, from the timeless pre-Big-Bang vacuum ($P = 0$) to the maximally timed proton interior ($P \rightarrow 1$). Proper time $d\tau = \sqrt{P} dt$ increases monotonically with P : the photon and pre-Big-Bang state are timeless ($d\tau = 0$), while the proton experiences maximum proper time ($d\tau = dt$). The cosmic void sits at the equilibrium value $P_0 = 0.851$.

The P -field admits a complete taxonomy from the timeless vacuum to the maximally timed proton:

State	P	$d\tau$	Nature	Example
Pre-BB vacuum	0	0	Timeless, pure θ	The begin
Photon	0	0	Timeless, local 1D	All EM ra
Cosmic void	$P_0 = 0.851$	$0.923 dt$	Timed, equilibrium	Intergalac
Galaxy halo	0.9–0.99	$\sqrt{P} dt$	Timed, crystallized	“Dark ma
Proton	$\rightarrow 1$	$\rightarrow dt$	Max time, saturated	Nuclear m

Pre-Big-Bang vacuum ($P = 0$, global). Pure phase, no condensate, no time. Unstable to condensation: $V'(0) = -\mu < 0$.

Photon ($P = 0$, local). A one-dimensional remnant of the pre-Big-Bang state. $P = 0$ only along the worldline; the surrounding condensate has $P = P_0$. A thread of uncondensed vacuum woven through the timed universe.

Cosmic void ($P = P_0$). The equilibrium ground state. Far from mass, P relaxes to $P_0 = 0.851$. Time flows at 92.3% of maximum.

Galaxy halo ($P = 0.9$ – 0.99). Near mass, Avrami crystallization drives P toward 1. The relationship $P(g) = 1 - \exp(-\sqrt{g/g_{\dagger}})$ [4] creates what astronomers call “dark matter”—the conformal enhancement $g_{\text{obs}} = g_{\text{bar}}/P$.

Proton interior ($P \rightarrow 1$). QCD confinement creates a topological P -defect at maximum saturation. Time flows

at maximum rate. The proton is the existence proof that θ -vortex topology can force P to saturation [9].

XII. OBSERVABLE CONSEQUENCES

A. Shapiro Delay: Mechanism Revealed

In GR, the Shapiro time delay [36] arises from space-time curvature. In DCT, the mechanism is explicit: the photon ($P = 0$ on its worldline) traverses a region of enhanced condensation ($P > P_0$ near mass). The delay is

$$\Delta t_{\text{Shapiro}} = \frac{(1 + \gamma)GM}{c^3} \ln\left(\frac{4r_1 r_2}{d^2}\right), \quad (24)$$

with $\gamma - 1 = -2.0 \times 10^{-5}$ from DCT [3]. The Cassini measurement [33] $\gamma - 1 = (2.1 \pm 2.3) \times 10^{-5}$ is consistent. BepiColombo (2028) will measure at 6.7σ sensitivity.

B. Vacuum Birefringence Near P -Gradients

Where the P -field varies spatially, the effective electromagnetic properties of the vacuum change:

$$\delta n \sim \frac{|b|}{64\pi^2} |\nabla \ln P|^2. \quad (25)$$

Near Earth: $\delta n \sim 10^{-30}$ (undetectable). Near neutron stars: $\delta n \sim 10^{-10}$ (marginally detectable with next-generation X-ray polarimetry).

C. Sunyaev-Zeldovich Modification

The thermal SZ effect in clusters is modified by the cluster P -field ($P \sim 0.9\text{--}0.95$ at r_{500}). The conformal factor modifies the effective temperature:

$$T_{\text{eff}} = \frac{T_e}{\sqrt{P_{\text{cluster}}}}, \quad (26)$$

producing a $\sim 5\text{--}10\%$ modification at cluster scales, within systematic uncertainties of current measurements but potentially distinguishable with CMB-S4 [31].

D. Photon Masslessness from the Goldstone Theorem

The photon's masslessness follows from the Goldstone theorem [20, 22]. The BEC order parameter Ψ breaks U(1) symmetry spontaneously (selecting a definite phase θ_0). The Goldstone theorem guarantees the existence of a massless mode—the θ -excitation, which IS the photon.

Current experimental bounds ($m_\gamma < 10^{-18}$ eV) are consistent with exact zero. DCT predicts $m_\gamma = 0$ exactly, protected by U(1) symmetry breaking.

E. Photon Non-Conservation ($\mu_\gamma = 0$)

The photon chemical potential μ_γ measures the cost of adding or removing photons from the thermal bath. In DCT, photon number is NOT conserved—photons are freely created and destroyed by $P \leftrightarrow \theta$ conversion. Therefore $\mu_\gamma = 0$ exactly.

The FIRAS measurement gives $\mu < 9 \times 10^{-5}$ [30], consistent with zero. DCT predicts $\mu_\gamma = 0$ as a consequence of infinitely elastic photon supply via the $P \leftrightarrow \theta$ handshake.

XIII. THE INFORMATION PERSPECTIVE

A. Information Cost of Physical Processes

Process	Info cost	Interpretation
Move photon (θ -shift)	1 bit	Free Goldstone, no inertia
Move P -perturbation	$\omega_0 \sim 50,000$ bits	Massive scalar, stiffness
Create P -defect	$\sim \omega_0 (mc^2/kT)$ bits	Topological winding
Destroy P -defect	same (released)	Unwinding to θ

B. The Hierarchy Problem as Information Budget

The hierarchy problem—why gravity is 10^{38} times weaker than electromagnetism—is recast as an information budget asymmetry:

$$\frac{\text{cost}(\text{gravity})}{\text{cost}(\text{EM})} = \frac{\omega_0}{1} = 50,037. \quad (27)$$

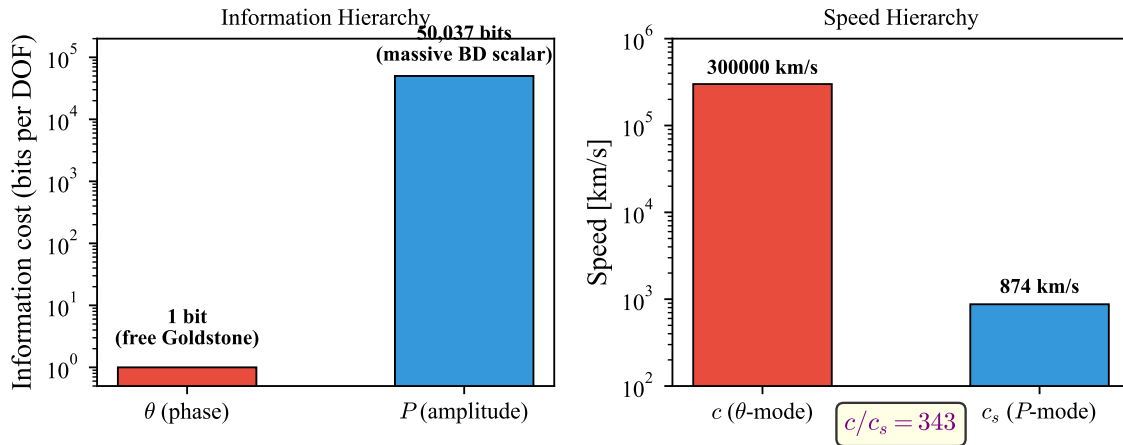
Gravity is weak because changing the gravitational field (the P -amplitude) costs 50,000 times more information than changing the electromagnetic field (the θ -phase). The P -field is an information-dense superfluid; the θ -field is an information-cheap free wave.

C. Fisher Information Density

The P -kinetic term in the DCT action is [7, 13]:

$$\mathcal{L}_P = \frac{\omega(P)}{P} (\nabla P)^2 = \omega(P) \times I_F^{(\text{quantum})}, \quad (28)$$

where $I_F = |\nabla P|^2/P$ is the quantum Fisher information density [29]. At P_0 : $G_F = 1/(P_0(1 - P_0)) = 7.89$. At the proton ($P \rightarrow 1$): $G_F \rightarrow \infty$. At the void ($P \rightarrow 0$): $G_F \rightarrow \infty$. The information landscape has two peaks ($P = 0$ and $P = 1$) separated by a valley ($P = P_0$). Matter and light are both high-information states.



Why Gravity is Weak: $\omega_0 \approx 50,000$ = Information Budget Asymmetry

FIG. 3. The information hierarchy that explains why gravity is weak and why the speed of light is the speed limit. Left: Information cost per degree of freedom— θ (phase/EM) costs 1 bit while P (amplitude/gravity) costs $\omega_0 \approx 50,000$ bits. Right: Propagation speed—the θ -mode travels at $c = 3 \times 10^5$ km/s while the P -mode travels at $c_s = 874$ km/s, a hierarchy ratio of 343. The weakness of gravity and the “speed limit” of light are different facets of the same BEC structure.

XIV. RENDERING AND CREATIVE CAPACITY

A. Proper Time as Refresh Rate

The conformal time formula $d\tau = \sqrt{P} dt$ has a natural interpretation as a rendering rate:

$$\tau_{\text{refresh}} \propto P. \quad (29)$$

Higher P means faster rendering (more proper time per coordinate time). At $P = 0$ (photon), the rendering rate vanishes—the photon is “unrendered.”

This is not metaphor. The mathematical content is identical to gravitational time dilation in the conformal metric $g_{\text{phys}} = P \cdot g_E$. A clock at higher P ticks faster than a clock at lower P by the factor $\sqrt{P_1/P_2}$.

B. Gravitational Time Dilation

Near a massive object, P increases (from Avrami crystallization). The conformal factor P provides an additional scalar contribution to time dilation, while the dominant effect comes from the Einstein-frame metric g_E encoding the Newtonian potential. The net effect reproduces standard GR time dilation with a correction of order $1/(2\omega_0 + 3) \sim 10^{-5}$ [3].

C. Creative Capacity

The creative capacity at a given P -value is

$$C(P) = \frac{\sqrt{P}}{1-P}. \quad (30)$$

P value	$C(P)$	Physical context
0.01	0.10	Deep void
$P_0 = 0.851$	6.19	Cosmic mean
0.99	99.5	Galaxy center
0.999	999.5	Proton surface
0.9999	9999.5	Deep nuclear interior

Creative capacity explodes near $P = 1$ (matter) and vanishes near $P = 0$ (void/light). Complexity, information processing, and consciousness are concentrated at topological defects (atoms, molecules, organisms) where P approaches saturation and the rendering rate is highest.

XV. CONCLUSION

This paper has demonstrated that the photon—the most familiar object in physics—has the most profound identity in DCT. It is not merely a “particle of light” or a “quantum of the electromagnetic field.” It is a fragment of the pre-Big-Bang universe, still in the pre-condensation state, threading through the post-Big-Bang condensate that constitutes matter, time, and gravity.

The key results are:

1. **Photon = Pre-Big-Bang equivalence.** The photon state ($P = 0$, $d\tau = 0$, pure θ) is physically identical to the pre-Big-Bang vacuum. The only difference is scope: pre-BB was global, the photon is local.
2. **Absorption = Local Big Bang.** Every photon absorption converts uncondensed ($P = 0$, timeless) to condensed ($P > 0$, timed)—the Big Bang performed locally. Approximately 10^{20} such events occur per second in a human body.
3. **Emission = Local Un-Creation.** Every emission converts condensed to uncondensed—a local reversal of the Big Bang.
4. **c derived from BEC structure.** The speed of light is the propagation speed of the uncondensed θ -mode (Goldstone boson). Matter is slower because it IS the condensate. The hierarchy $c/c_s = 343$ reflects the information cost $\omega_0 \sim 50,000$.
5. **Arrow of time = Arrow of condensation.** Time exists only in the condensate ($d\tau = \sqrt{P} dt$). The Big Bang created time by creating the condensate. Heat death will end time by dissolving it.
6. **Time paradox resolved.** The photon does not travel “through” time. It exists outside time, connecting two timed events by being timeless between them.
7. **$E = mc^2$ reinterpreted.** Mass is energy stored in P -defects. c is the θ -mode speed. $E = mc^2$ is the $P \leftrightarrow \theta$ conversion rate.
8. **Five P -field states cataloged.** From pre-Big-Bang ($P = 0$, timeless) to proton interior ($P \rightarrow 1$, maximum time).
9. **Five observable consequences.** Shapiro delay mechanism, vacuum birefringence ($\delta n \sim 10^{-10}$ near NS), SZ modification ($\sim 5\text{--}10\%$), photon masslessness (Goldstone theorem), photon non-conservation ($\mu_\gamma = 0$).
10. **Creative capacity concentrated at matter.** $C(P) = \sqrt{P}/(1 - P)$ peaks at $P \rightarrow 1$, explaining why complexity emerges at topological defects.

Every act of seeing involves a local Big Bang: the photon (pre-universe remnant) is absorbed by the retina (condensate), converting timeless energy into timed excitation. We live in the era between the first condensation and the last evaporation. Our existence is possible because $P_0 = 0.851$ —not zero (no structure), not one (no dynamics), but at the value where complexity, information processing, and consciousness can emerge.

The photon carries a message from before time. When we observe distant starlight, we receive fragments of the pre-universe—energy that has never experienced a single

moment of time, connecting us to the epoch before condensation. Light is not just electromagnetic radiation. It is the memory of what came before.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The author acknowledges the use of Claude (Anthropic) for computational assistance, literature review support, and manuscript preparation. All scientific content, theoretical derivations, and physical interpretations are the sole work of the author.

Appendix A: Key Equations

$$\Psi = \sqrt{P} e^{i\theta} \quad (\text{A1})$$

$$d\tau = \sqrt{P} dt \quad (\text{A2})$$

$$g_{\text{phys}} = P \cdot g_{\text{Einstein}} \quad (\text{A3})$$

$$c = \theta\text{-mode speed (Goldstone)} \quad (\text{A4})$$

$$c_s = \sqrt{\frac{P_0 c^2}{2\omega_0 + 3}} = 874 \text{ km/s} \quad (\text{A5})$$

$$c/c_s = 343 \quad (\text{A6})$$

$$P_0 = 0.851 \quad (\text{A7})$$

$$\omega_0 = 50,037 \quad (\text{A8})$$

$$E_{\text{cr}}(\text{DCT}) = P_0 \times E_{\text{cr}}(\text{QED}) = 1.126 \times 10^{18} \text{ V/m} \quad (\text{A9})$$

$$C(P) = \sqrt{P}/(1 - P) \quad (\text{A10})$$

$$I_F = |\nabla P|^2 / P \quad (\text{A11})$$

$$g_{\text{total}}(P) = 0.01727 / P \quad (\text{A12})$$

Appendix B: Cross-References to DCT Paper Series

Paper	Reference	Content
Paper 0	[1]	General theory, Ψ , GP potential, 600-cell
Paper I	[2]	$H_0 = 73.1$, $S_8 = 0.775$, $f\sigma_8$
Paper II	[3]	$\gamma - 1 = -2.0 \times 10^{-5}$, BepiColombo
Paper III	[4]	RAR, $P(g) = 1 - e^{-\sqrt{g/g_\dagger}}$
Paper IV	[5]	$E_8 \rightarrow \text{SM}$, proton decay, CKM
Paper V	[6]	m_p/m_e , baryon asymmetry
Paper VI	[7]	Parrott Bridge, Madelung decomposition
Paper VIII	[8]	600-cell, Casimir identity = 31
Paper XI	[9]	Conformal wall, 118 elements
Paper XIV	[10]	Black holes, $P \rightarrow 0$, $S_{\text{BH}} = P_0 S_{\text{Bek}}$

Paper XVI [11] $E_{\text{cr}}(\text{DCT}) = P_0 E_{\text{cr}}(\text{QED})$
 Paper XVII [12] Energy engineering closed
 Paper XVIII [13] Fisher info, information budget

Paper XIX [14] 30 predictions, 12 anti-predictions

- [1] N. G. Parrott, “Dimensional Coherence Theory: A Brans-Dicke-BEC Framework for Cosmology and Dark Matter,” DCT-2026-001 (2026).
- [2] N. G. Parrott, “DCT I: Cosmological Predictions— H_0 , S_8 , and Growth Rate,” DCT-2026-002 (2026).
- [3] N. G. Parrott, “DCT II: Solar System Tests and PPN Parameters,” DCT-2026-003 (2026).
- [4] N. G. Parrott, “DCT III: Dark Matter as Avrami Crystallization—The Radial Acceleration Relation Derived,” DCT-2026-004 (2026).
- [5] N. G. Parrott, “DCT IV: Particle Physics from the 600-Cell—Gauge Group, Generations, and Proton Decay,” DCT-2026-005 (2026).
- [6] N. G. Parrott, “DCT V: Mass, Flavor, and the Proton-to-Electron Mass Ratio from Spectral Geometry,” DCT-2026-006 (2026).
- [7] N. G. Parrott, “DCT VI: The Parrott Bridge—Quantum Mechanics as Phase Dynamics, General Relativity as Amplitude Dynamics,” DCT-2026-007 (2026).
- [8] N. G. Parrott, “DCT VIII: Mathematics of the 600-Cell—Spectral Identities and Topological Derivations,” DCT-2026-009 (2026).
- [9] N. G. Parrott, “DCT XI: Atoms, Elements, and the Periodic Table from the Conformal Wall,” DCT-2026-012 (2026).
- [10] N. G. Parrott, “DCT XIV: Black Holes as Reverse Big Bangs in the Parrott Condensate,” DCT-2026-015 (2026).
- [11] N. G. Parrott, “DCT XVI: Euler-Heisenberg Effective Action in Brans-Dicke Background—Modified Schwinger Pair Creation,” DCT-2026-017 (2026).
- [12] N. G. Parrott, “DCT XVII: Energy Engineering and the P -Field Accessibility Theorem,” DCT-2026-018 (2026).
- [13] N. G. Parrott, “DCT XVIII: Information Theory of the Parrott Field—Fisher Information, Entropy, and the Hierarchy Problem,” DCT-2026-019 (2026).
- [14] N. G. Parrott, “DCT XIX: Falsification Roadmap—30 Predictions, 12 Anti-Predictions, and the Critical Window 2027–2035,” DCT-2026-020 (2026).
- [15] E. P. Gross, “Structure of a Quantized Vortex in Boson Systems,” *Nuovo Cimento* **20**, 454–477 (1961).
- [16] L. P. Pitaevskii, “Vortex Lines in an Imperfect Bose Gas,” *Zh. Eksp. Teor. Fiz.* **40**, 646–651 (1961) [*Sov. Phys. JETP* **13**, 451–454 (1961)].
- [17] E. Madelung, “Quantentheorie in hydrodynamischer Form,” *Z. Phys.* **40**, 322–326 (1926).
- [18] D. Bohm, “A Suggested Interpretation of the Quantum Theory in Terms of ‘Hidden’ Variables. I,” *Phys. Rev.* **85**, 166–179 (1952).
- [19] C. Brans and R. H. Dicke, “Mach’s Principle and a Relativistic Theory of Gravitation,” *Phys. Rev.* **124**, 925–935 (1961).
- [20] J. Goldstone, “Field Theories with Superconductor Solutions,” *Nuovo Cimento* **19**, 154–164 (1961).
- [21] J. Goldstone, A. Salam, and S. Weinberg, “Broken Symmetries,” *Phys. Rev.* **127**, 965–970 (1962).
- [22] Y. Nambu and G. Jona-Lasinio, “Dynamical Model of Elementary Particles Based on an Analogy with Superconductivity. I,” *Phys. Rev.* **122**, 345–358 (1961).
- [23] A. Einstein, “Ist die Trägheit eines Körpers von seinem Energieinhalt abhängig?,” *Annalen der Physik* **18** (Ser. 4), 639–641 (1905).
- [24] J. Schwinger, “On Gauge Invariance and Vacuum Polarization,” *Phys. Rev.* **82**, 664–679 (1951).
- [25] T. Kaluza, “Zum Unitätsproblem der Physik,” *Sitzungsber. Preuss. Akad. Wiss. Berlin (Math. Phys.)* **1921**, 966–972 (1921).
- [26] O. Klein, “Quantentheorie und fünfdimensionale Relativitätstheorie,” *Z. Phys.* **37**, 895–906 (1926).
- [27] M. Avrami, “Kinetics of Phase Change. I: General Theory,” *J. Chem. Phys.* **7**, 1103–1112 (1939).
- [28] S. M. Allen and J. W. Cahn, “A Microscopic Theory for Antiphase Boundary Motion and Its Application to Antiphase Domain Coarsening,” *Acta Metall.* **27**, 1085–1095 (1979).
- [29] R. A. Fisher, “Theory of Statistical Estimation,” *Proc. Cambridge Philos. Soc.* **22**, 700–725 (1925).
- [30] D. J. Fixsen, E. S. Cheng, J. M. Gales, J. C. Mather, R. A. Shafer, and E. L. Wright, “The Cosmic Microwave Background Spectrum from the Full COBE FIRAS Data Set,” *Astrophys. J.* **473**, 576–587 (1996).
- [31] K. N. Abazajian *et al.* (CMB-S4 Collaboration), “CMB-S4 Science Book, First Edition,” arXiv:1610.02743 [astro-ph.IM] (2016).
- [32] N. Aghanim *et al.* (Planck Collaboration), “Planck 2018 Results. VI. Cosmological Parameters,” *Astron. Astrophys.* **641**, A6 (2020); arXiv:1807.06209.
- [33] B. Bertotti, L. Iess, and P. Tortora, “A Test of General Relativity Using Radio Links with the Cassini Spacecraft,” *Nature* **425**, 374–376 (2003).
- [34] J. D. Bekenstein, “Black Holes and Entropy,” *Phys. Rev. D* **7**, 2333–2346 (1973).
- [35] S. W. Hawking, “Particle Creation by Black Holes,” *Commun. Math. Phys.* **43**, 199–220 (1975); *Erratum* **46**, 206 (1976).
- [36] I. I. Shapiro, “Fourth Test of General Relativity,” *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **13**, 789–791 (1964).